LEARNING UNIT STRUCTURE

Learning unit: Social Responsibility, Entrepreneurship, Mentoring			
Unit description	Master social skills and competences to be able to inspire others, supporting younger team members, collaborating with and/or leading others. Following ethical code of conduct towards society and the environment. Disseminating positive social and environmental values.		
Learning objective	Increase environmental and ethical skills and entrepreneurship skills and competences. Increase the learners transversal social and life skills in interacting with others and with younger/junior team members.		
Learning outcomes	 To illustrate how sustainable logistics value positively impact the sector and society. To promote sustainable (socially responsible) behaviors in the context of LMD. To employ sustainable value creation (e.g. sustainable/ smart urban life) in the context of e-logistics LMD To compare rights and duties of employed and self-employed worker. To operate with loyalty. To develop collaboration and entrepreneurship skills (including working in team and building a team spirit, motivate others), sense of leadership (leading in a collegial way), partnership, and trustworthiness. To demonstrate aptitudes of teaching others: making knowledge and experience explicit, to choose the appropriate way of teaching and mentoring adapting to the learner's needs. 		
Lesson 1	Social Responsibility. Sustainable behaviors in urban logistics operations		
Lessons contribution per learning outcomes	Knowledge The learner knows/ is familiar with/ is able to name or describe	Skills The learner can/ is able to	Responsibilities & Autonomy The learner is responsible for / is able to apply / evaluate





	To Illustrate how sustainable logistics value positively impact the sector and society.	None	1. To identify how to promote sustainable (socially responsible) behaviors in the context of LMD. 2. To employ sustainable value creation (e.g. sustainable/ smart urban life) in the context of (e) bicycle-logistics LMD.	
Lesson 2	Entrepreneurship, Sense of Agency			
Lessons contribution per learning outcomes	Knowledge The learner knows/ is familiar with/ is able to name or describe	Skills The learner can/ is able to	Responsibilities & Autonomy The learner is responsible for / is able to apply / evaluate	
	 To Illustrate how sustainable logistics value positively impact the sector and society. To compare rights and duties of employed and self-employed worker. To operate with loyalty. To demonstrate a strong sense of adaptation. 	 4. To develop collaboration and entrepreneurship skills (including working in team and building a team spirit, motivate others). 5. To demonstrate a strong sense of leadership (leading in a collegial way), partnership, and trustworthiness. 	1. To identify how to promote sustainable (socially responsible) behaviors in the context of LMD. 2. To employ sustainable value creation (e.g. sustainable/ smart urban life) in the context of (e) bicycle-logistics LMD	
Lesson 3	Mentoring			





	Knowledge	Skills	Responsibilities & Autonomy
	The learner knows/ is familiar with/ is able to name or describe	The learner can/ is able to	The learner is responsible for / is able to apply / evaluate
	5. To demonstrate a strong sense of adaptation (to the learner's needs).	(leading in a collegial way), partnership, and trustworthiness.	5. To demonstrate aptitudes of teaching others: making knowledge and experience explicit, to choose the appropriate way of teaching and mentoring.
EQF level*	3 or 4		
ECVET credits**	2		
Duration (hours)	Lectures	Auditory exercises	Laboratory exercises
	6		
Learning materials	 7-10 pages Lecture notes 17-22 Presentation slides 1-3 Case studies 		





Teaching methods	Lecture Method;
	Case study method; Demonstration Method
Assessment materials	 1-3 practical exercises 10-15 multiple choice questions

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The **EQF** is an 8-level, learning outcomes-based framework for all types of qualifications that serves as a translation tool between different national qualifications frameworks. This framework helps improve transparency, comparability and portability of people's qualifications and makes it possible to compare qualifications from different countries and institutions. [https://europass/en/europass-tools/european-qualifications-framework]

Level (according to the EQF)	Examples of certification for the respective levels	
Level 1 – 4	Secondary educational diplomas	
Post-secondary level		
Level 5	I (intermediate) Diplomas of higher education and further education, foundation degrees and higher national diplomas	
Level 6	H (honours) Bachelor	





Level 7	M (masters)
Level 7	Master degrees, postgraduate certificates and diplomas
Level 8	D (doctoral)
Level o	Doctorate degrees, PhDs

Source: http://www.aeht.eu/en/presentation-of-the-aeht/eqf-levels-offered-by-aeht-member-schools

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ECVET (European credit system for vocational education and training) allows learners to accumulate, transfer and use their learning in units as these units are achieved. This enables building a qualification at learners' own pace from learning outcomes acquired in formal, non-formal and informal contexts, in their own country and abroad. The system is based on units of learning outcomes as part of qualifications that can be assessed and validated. [https://www.cedefop.europa.eu/en/projects/european-credit-system-vocational-education-and-training-ecvet]

ECVET points are allocated to a qualification as a whole and to its units. Allocation of ECVET points to a qualification is based on using an agreement according to which 60 points are allocated to the learning outcomes expected to be achieved in a year of formal full time VET. As specified in the Recommendation, "for a given qualification, one formal learning context is taken as a reference and, on the basis of the convention the total number of points is assigned for that qualification. From this total, ECVET points are then allocated to each unit according to their relative weight within the qualification." [https://www.cedefop.europa.eu/files/Setting_the_scene_-_Robert_Wagenaar.pdf]

60 credits per year (read **1600 – 1800 hours**) - knowledge, skills and (wider) competences/learning outcomes [https://www.cedefop.europa.eu/files/Setting_the_scene_-_Robert_Wagenaar.pdf]

Types of Teaching Methods e.g.





Story-telling method	Textbook method	Lecture Method	Play-way method
Demonstration Method	Tutorial Method	Questions-Answer method	Observational method
Discussion method	Project method	Role-playing method	Case study method
Brainstorming method	Drill method	Inductive method	
Deductive method	Analysis method	Synthesis method	Survey method



